

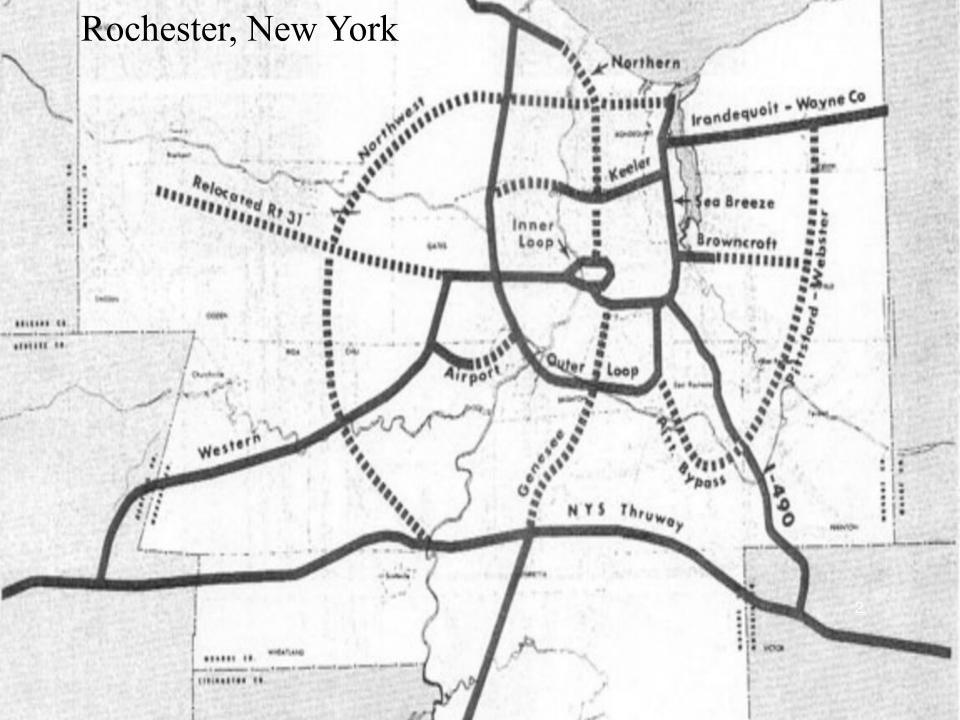
The Inner Loop Project

Urban revitalization projects





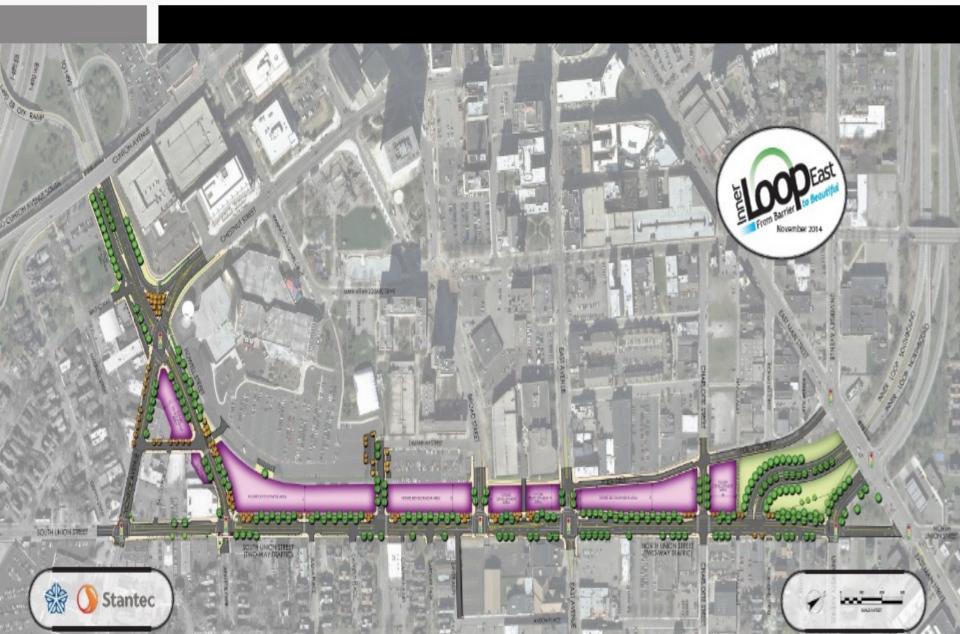




Case Study: Rochester, NY – Inner Loop East Project



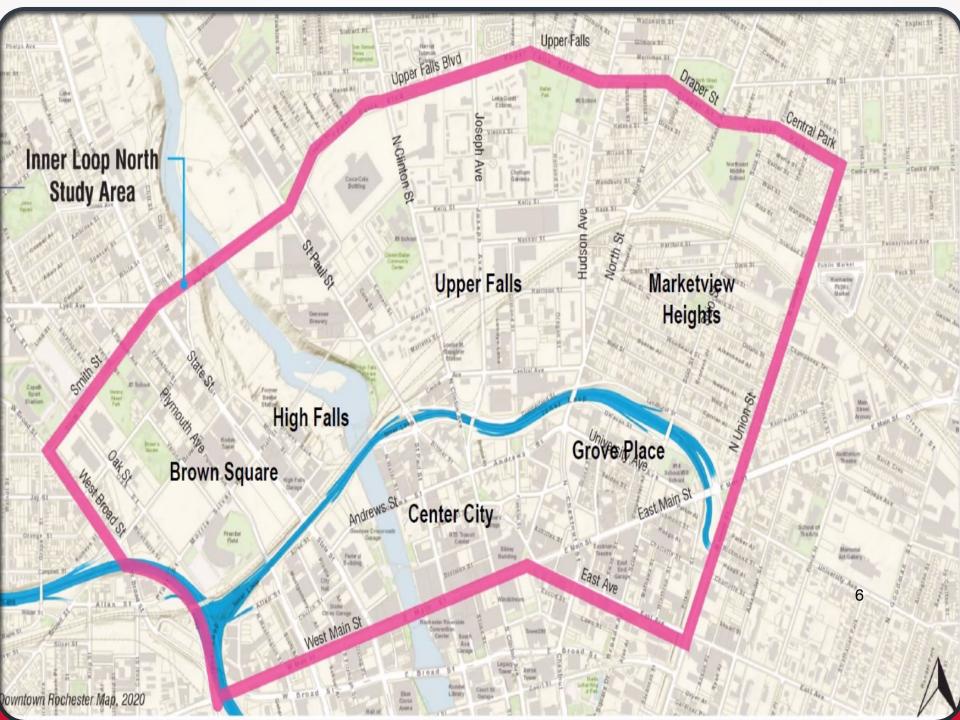
Case Study: Rochester, NY – Inner Loop East Project Part 2



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OCCUPATION OF TAXABLE PARTY.





Kimley»Horn

Expect More. Experience Better.



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Design Focus Areas

RACIAL EQUITY

Mobility / Connectivity



Complete street

Civic and Corridor Character



Ellicott Street, Buffalo

Potential Redevelopment



Development on Union Street

Greenspace / Natural Resources

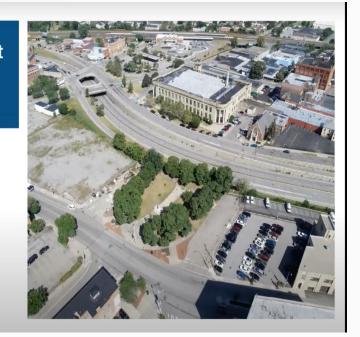


Multipurpose active recreation area





CONCEPT VISION: SCHILLER PARK (FORMERLY FRANKLIN SQ)





Inner Loop at Schiller Park Today

Introduction to Concepts



Concept 4 490 Connection



Concept 6 Restore the Grid Э—С

Racial Equity Subcommittee

Inner Loop North - Racial Equity Metrics

This checklist will ask a series of questions to be used when evaluating the various alternatives. Please click 'next' below to begin. After each section, click 'next' to continue until done. Click 'submit' at the end to have your answers recorded. This tool was created by the Racial Equity Sub-Committee to the Inner Loop North Community Advisory Committee.

Mission statement: This subcommittee seeks to center racial equity throughout the planning process of the Inner Loop North redevelopment by examining the history of racial trauma caused by municipal planning decisions, and crafting recommendations that create accountability and build authentic community.

Vision statement: The racial equity subcommittee aspires to redefine the city building process as a vehicle for reparations that provides for the economic, social, and emotional well being of Black add Brown residents.

This tool is for the Consulting team to analyze the various alternatives through a racial equity lens. The results should be presented to the public alongside the Alternatives.

Definitions:

• Inform: Educate stakeholders about the rationale for the service, project or decision; how it fits with SPU goals and policies; issues being considered, areas of choice or where input is needed.

• Collaborate: Gathering and sharing of information, asking for advice, volunteer or paid partnership to work with SPU in developing and implementing the service, project or program. Can also include role as a participant in the service, project or program.

• Shared Decision-Making: Decision-making power, or stakeholder has a formal role in making final decisions to be acted upon.

Which alternative are you evaluating?

- Alternative 1
- Alternative 2
- Alternative 3
- O Alternative 4
- O Alternative 5

Who was engaged? And how were they engaged?

	Informed	Collaboration	Shared decision making	Not consulted
Community groups	0	0	0	0
Public at large	0	0	0	0
Non-Profit groups	0	0	0	0
Neighborhood groups	0	0	0	0
Black residents	0	0	0	0
White residents	0	0	0	0
Latino residents	0	0	0	0
Indigenous residents	0	0	0	0
Elected officials	0	0	0	0
Other City Departments	0	0	0	0
For-profit businesses	0	0	0	0
Other levels of government	0	0	0	0
Disabled people	0	0	0	0

Quality of Life

Disaggregate the answer to each of the following based on race, gender, and disability.

How will this alternative impact the following for	people who live in
the study area to:	

	Improves	No Change	Makes Worse	Cannot Be Answered
Obtain employment in the Study area?	0	0	0	0
Commute to jobs outside the study area?	0	0	0	0
Access goods and services within the study area?	0	0	0	0
Access goods and services outside the study area?	0	0	0	0
Get to/from school?	0	0	0	0
Access recreational areas?	0	0	0	0
Obtain affordable housing?	0	0	0	0
Access to high speed internet?	0	0	0	0
Opportunities for neighborhood placemaking?	0	0	0	0

Land Use

What percentage of the area will be residential land?

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100%

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 0% 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 100% 0% 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 100% What percentage of the area will be transported of the set of the s

What percentage of the land could be made available to area residents?

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 0% O O O O O O O O O O O O 100%

Preferred Concept: Concept 6



Top 10 Tips for Freeway Fighters

- 1. Highway to boulevard projects should focus on neighborhood reconnection and reinvestment for current residents of the area.
- 2. Any plan to remove a highway must include the input of local residents, and must employ Diversity, Equity and Inclusion in design, implementation and construction.
- 3. Traffic Data will always be used an excuse for why a highway shouldn't be removed.
- 4. Trust Your city's street grid.
- 5. Create visuals/renderings showcasing the opportunities for your city if the highway was removed.
- 6. When you remove a highway, traffic will not come.
- 7. Get the development community on your side.
- 8. Land Trust/Banks are a huge asset.
- 9. In the long-term take control of MP0's and DOT's.
- 10. No Highway is permanent!

Thank You

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Questions and Answers